

SAFE INFRASTRUCTURE WORKSHOP

Introduction to Theme 3

>> Rail Inspection Technologies <<

- Key types for rail breaks
- Defect characterization – improvements needed

Situation

The railway still is the safest transportation mode. Due to increasing Economical and technical requirements existing safety margins are steadily being diminished. Therefore database & know-how to define and manage safety and maintenance limits become more and more important.



October 29th & 30th 2003



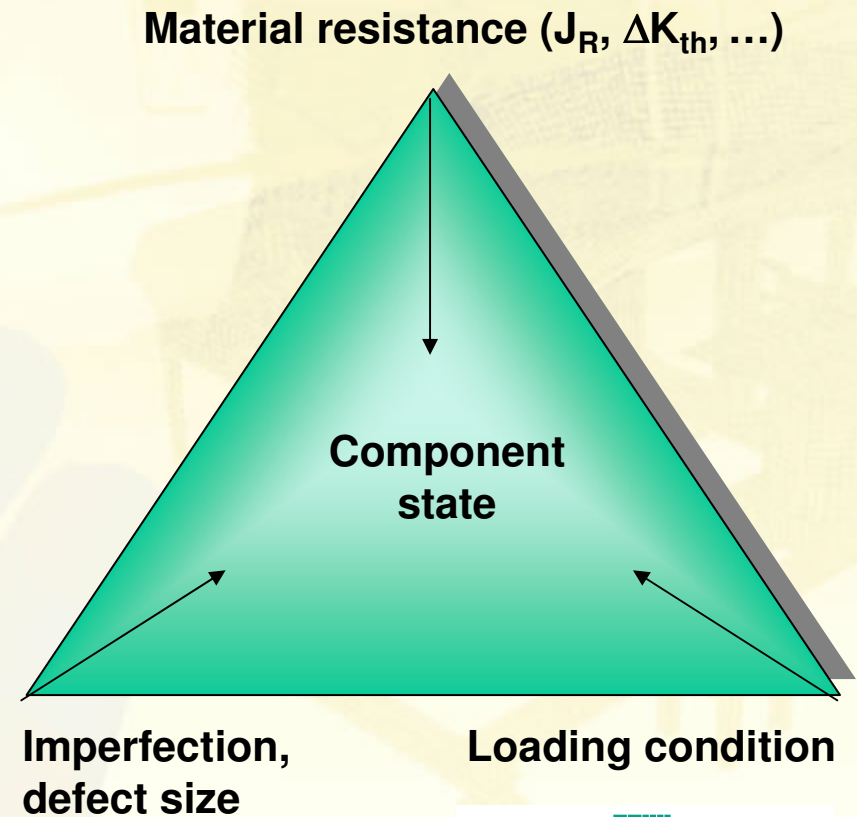
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- ▶ rail inspection delivers the database upon which maintenance actions are planned in order to secure the
 - safety &
 - qualityof the wheel rail interface
- ▶ to reliably assess the component state, sufficient details regarding its loading condition, material resistance and defect state are needed.
- ▶ up to date procedures for the remaining rail life assessment still contain missing links



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Key types for rail breaks

Today rail breaks mainly originate from:

- a. Weldments - Maintenance (highest percentage)
(appropriate process parameters applied, sufficient quality control, ...?)
- b. Contact surface – Operation (increasing relevance)
(contact conditions, rolling contact fatigue & wear behavior known, ...?)
- c. Internal flaws, residual stresses – Manufacturing
(metallurgy, rolling process stable...?)

Despite differing operational details basically identical for every railway



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Defect characterization – improvements needed

subject: weldments, internal flaws

aim:

- detection of defects in any position of the rail regardless of angle
- determination of defect size and orientation

suggestion: improved vehicle mounted / manual ultrasonic testing ?

subject: contact surface

aims:

- detection of rolling contact fatigue defects (head checks, squats..)
- determination of defect size and depth
- quality control of maintenance work performed
(to what extent have defects been removed?)

suggestion: improved vehicle mounted / manual eddy current testing ?



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Important additional input

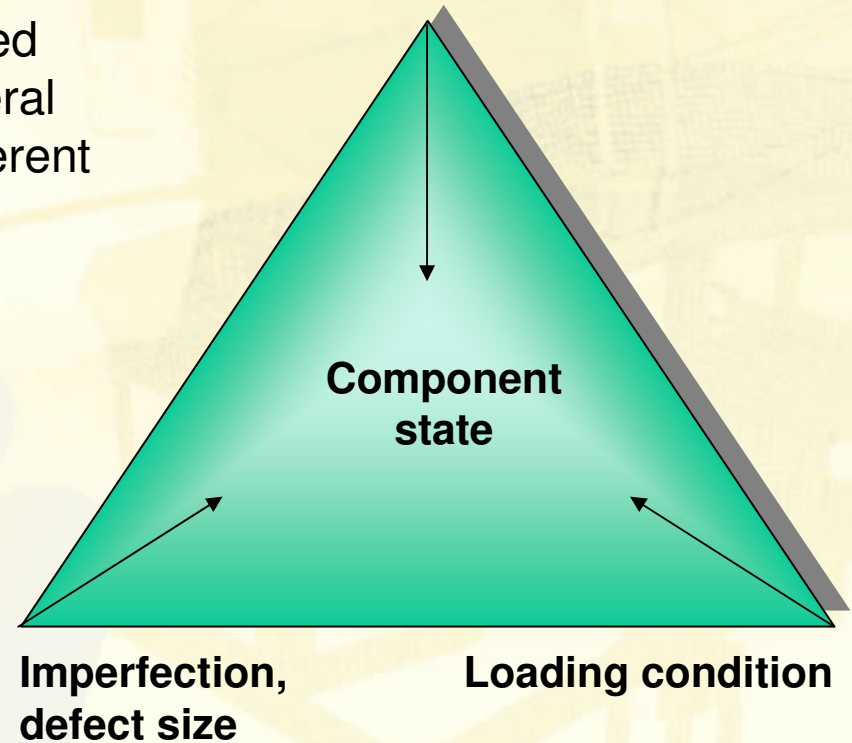
- loading conditions, regularly determined through measurements of vertical, lateral and longitudinal contact forces for different line categories
- relevant material characteristics

R&D target

development of evaluation modules capable to:

- consider varying service conditions
- predict remaining rail service life
- assess the risk of rail breaks
- support maintenance decisions - technically and economically

Material resistance (J_R , ΔK_{th} , ...)



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